Please refer to the claims and remarks as set forth below

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as indicated below.

- (Previously Presented) A process for preparing poly(meth)acrylates curable with at least one of actinic radiation or dual-cure utilizing actinic radiation and thermal cure, comprising the following steps:
  - a) preparing a poly(meth)acrylate containing hydroxy-functional side chains by polymerizing
    - aa) at least one (meth)acrylate of the general formula (I)

as component A

in which

R1 is H. CH2 or CH2OH and

 $R^2 \qquad \text{is an alkyl radical which is unsubstituted or} \\ \text{substituted by functional groups } \\ \text{chosen from the group consisting} \\ \text{of acrylic, ether, amino, epoxy, halogen} \\ \text{ and sulfonic acid groups,} \\ \text{and} \\$ 

 $ab) \qquad \text{at least one hydroxyalkyl (meth)acrylate of the} \\$  general formula (II) as component B

ac) if desired, further comonomers, copolymerizable with the (meth)acrylates of the general formula (I) and (II), as component C, and

ad) if desired, auxiliary monomers as component D;

and

- transesterifying or esterifying the poly(meth)acrylate containing hydroxy-functional side chains with a (meth)acrylate or (meth)acrylic acid in the presence of an enzyme which catalyzes the transesterification or esterification.
- 2. (Original) A process as claimed in claim 1, wherein step a) is carried out using

- 10 to 80% by weight of component A,

10 to 80% by weight of component B,

- 0 to 50% by weight of component C, and

0 to 15% by weight of component D.

- (Previously Presented) A process as claimed in claim 1, wherein enzymes used in step b)
  are hydrolases selected from the group consisting of lipases, esterases, and proteases.
- (Previously Presented) A process as claimed inclaim 1, wherein step b) is carried out using methyl, ethyl, 2-ethylhexyl or butyl (meth)acrylate.
- (Previously Presented) A process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the temperature at which step b) is conducted is 20 to 100°C.
- (Previously Presented) A process as claimed in claim 1, wherein component B is selected from the group consisting of 2-hydroxyethyl (meth)acrylate, 2-hydroxypropyl (meth)acrylate, and hydroxybutyl (meth)acrylate.
- (Previously Presented) A process as claimed in claim 1, wherein 5 to 100% of the side chains of the poly(meth)acrylate prepared in accordance with step a) have been (meth)acrylated.
- 8. (Previously Presented) Poly(meth)acrylates prepared by a process as claimed in claim 1.
- (Canceled)
- 10. (Previously Presented) A topcoat containing
  - 5 to 80% by weight of at least one poly(meth)acrylate prepared according to claim
    1 comprising
    - 0.5 to 15% by weight of at least one photoinitiator.
      - 0.5 to 8% by weight of further auxiliaries and additives.
      - 0 to 40% by weight of pigments, and
      - 0 to 40% by weight of at least one filler.

| 11. (Original) A process for preparing a coating formulation as claimed in claim 10, in which the |
|---|
| individual components are mixed with one another.   |

- 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Previously Presented) A dispersion comprising the poly(meth) acrylate of claim 8.
- 14. (Previously Presented) A coating composition comprising the the poly(meth)acrylate of claim 8.
- 15. (Previously Presented) A coating composition comprising the poly(meth)acrylate of claim 8 selected from primers, surfacers and topcoats.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A topcoating composition comprising the the poly(meth)acrylate of claim 8.
- 17. (Previously Presented) A transparent clearcoat composition comprising the poly(meth)acrylate of claim 8.
- 18. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing dispersions or coating formulations comprising the step of adding poly(meth)acrylates curable with actinic radiation or both actinic radiation and thermal cure as claimed in claim 8 as binders to dispersions or coating formulations.